

Too Much of a **GOOD** thing



Dr. Nora Al-Shawee

RCSI Senior Clinical lecture in Medicine

MBChB, MRCP(UK), MSc (Human genetics), PGDip (Medicine for older person)

PhD Candidate

**“Prescribing medicines is the most common intervention (for good or bad)
that most doctors make to improve the health of their patients”**

This is Maura



79. Metastatic breast cancer – bone mets

Prognosis 3–6 months

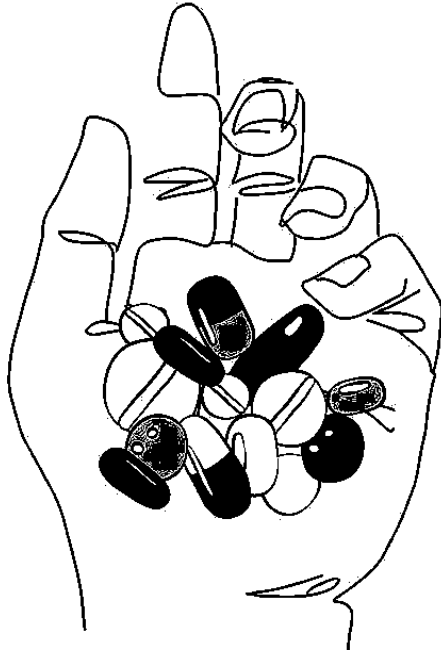
Nausea ++

Postural dizziness

Dyspepsia

Hx of Hypertension. Osteoporosis,
dyslipidaemia.

14 medicines every day



- Alendronate
- Calcium/vitamin D
- Ramipril
- Amlodipine
- HCTZ
- Omeprazole
- Morphine MR and PRN
- Cyclizine
- Paracetamol
- Aspirin
- Senna
- Atorvastatin

Polypharmacy

Polypharmacy

The regular use of 5 or more medications at the same time

Open Access

Research

BMJ Open Trends and interaction of polypharmacy and potentially inappropriate prescribing in primary care over 15 years in Ireland: a repeated cross-sectional study

Frank Moriarty,¹ Colin Hardy,¹ Kathleen Bennett,^{1,2} Susan M Smith,¹ Tom Fahey¹

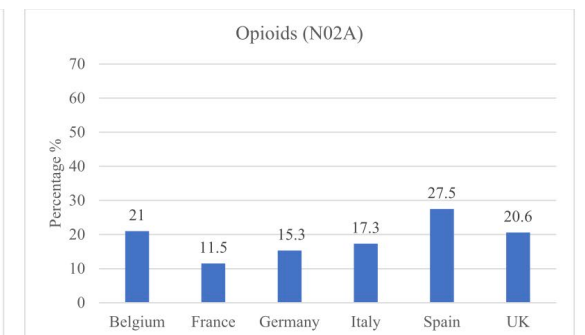
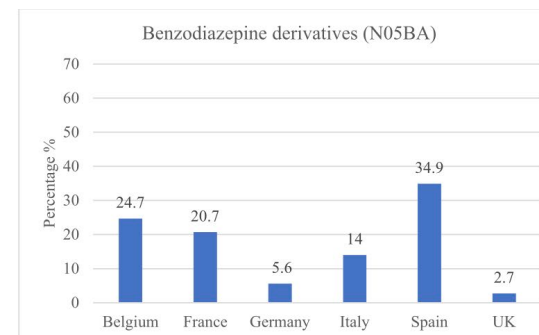
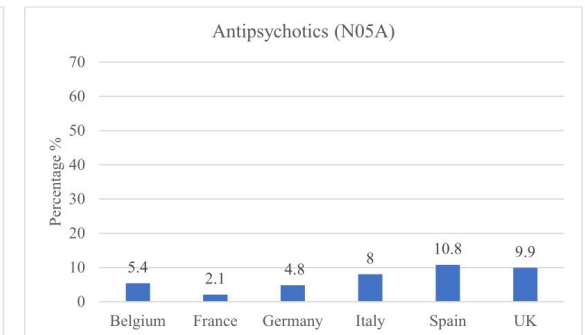
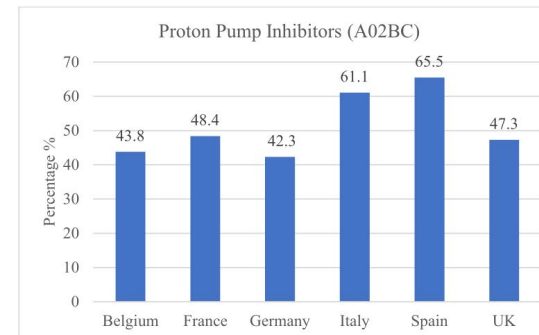


ORIGINAL ARTICLE | [Open Access](#) | CC BY NC ND

The prevalence of polypharmacy in older Europeans: A multi-national database study of general practitioner prescribing

[Marion Bennie](#) [Yared Santa-Ana-Tellez](#) [Githa Fungie Galistiani](#) [Julien Trehony](#) [Johanna Despres](#) [Laurence Sophie Jouaville](#) [Elisabetta Poluzzi](#) [Lucas Morin](#) [Ingrid Schubert](#) ... [See all authors](#) ▾

First published: 29 May 2024 | <https://doi.org/10.1111/bcp.16113> | [VIEW METRICS](#)



The problem is not the number

14 medicines $\neq$ 14 inappropriate medicines

Appropriateness changes when circumstances change

Why it matters

MEDICATION ADHERENCE IN ELDERLY WITH POLYPHARMACY LIVING AT HOME: A SYSTEMATIC REVIEW OF EXISTING STUDIES

[Erika Zelko](#)¹, [Zalika Klemenc-Ketis](#)², [Ksenija Tusek-Bunc](#)¹

Affiliations + expand

PMID: 27147920 PMCID: [PMC4851507](#) DOI: [10.5455/msm.2016.28.129-132](#) 

► [Prev Chronic Dis](#). 2022 Aug 18;19:E50. doi: [10.5888/pcd19.220062](#) 

Polypharmacy and Health-Related Quality of Life/Psychological Distress Among Patients With Chronic Disease

[Lisa Van Wilder](#)^{1,✉}, [Brecht Devleesschauwer](#)^{2,3}, [Els Clays](#)¹, [Peter Pype](#)¹, [Sophie Vandepitte](#)¹, [Delphine De Smedt](#)¹

► [Author information](#) ► [Article notes](#) ► [Copyright and License information](#)

PMCID: PMC9390791 PMID: [35980834](#)

► [Nurs Midwifery Stud](#). 2013 Jun 27;2(2):171–175. doi: [10.5812/nms.10709](#) 

Polypharmacy and Falls in the Elderly: A Literature Review

[Tania Hammond](#)¹, [Anne Wilson](#)^{2,*}

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PMCID: PMC4228551 PMID: [25414854](#)



Therapeutic Advances in Drug Safety

Review

Predicting risk of adverse drug reactions in older adults

[Amanda Hanora Lavan](#) and [Paul Gallagher](#)

Ther Adv Drug Saf

2016, Vol. 7(1) 11–22

DOI: 10.1177/
2042098615615472

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SIMPATHY Stimulating Innovation Management of
Polypharmacy and Adherence in The Elderly

UNPLANNED **HOSPITAL
ADMISSIONS** CAUSED BY
ADVERSE DRUG EVENTS

8.6 MILLION
ADMISSIONS
IN EUROPE
EVERY YEAR

**50% OF HOSPITAL ADMISSIONS
DUE TO ADVERSE DRUG
EVENTS ARE PREVENTABLE**

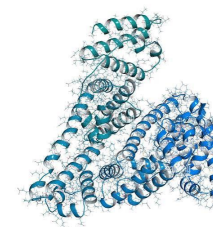
70% OF
THESE ARE



IN PATIENTS
OVER **65** YEARS
OF AGE

AND

ON **5** OR MORE
MEDICINES





Review > [Drugs Aging](#). 2020 Feb;37(2):77-81. doi: 10.1007/s40266-019-00730-4.

Calcium Channel Blockers Co-prescribed with Loop Diuretics: A Potential Marker of Poor Prescribing?

[Henry J Woodford](#) ¹

Affiliations + expand

PMID: 31797247 DOI: [10.1007/s40266-019-00730-4](#) [↗](#)



Medication Safety in Polypharmacy



4% of the world's total avoidable costs are due to suboptimal medicine use.

US\$ **18 Billion**



Contents lists available at ScienceDirect

Exploratory Research in Clinical and Social Pharmacy

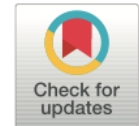
journal homepage: www.elsevier.com/locate/rcsop

Exploratory Research in Clinical
and Social Pharmacy



OPEN ACCESS

Prescribing practices, patterns, and potential harms in patients receiving palliative care: A systematic scoping review



Cathal A. Cadogan ^{a,*}, Melanie Murphy ^b, Miriam Boland ^b, Kathleen Bennett ^c, Sarah McLean ^d, Carmel Hughes ^e

^a School of Pharmacy and Pharmaceutical Sciences, Trinity College Dublin, Ireland

^b School of Pharmacy and Biomolecular Sciences, Royal College of Surgeons in Ireland, Ireland

^c Division of Population Health Sciences, Royal College of Surgeons in Ireland, Ireland

^d St Vincent's Private Hospital, Dublin, Ireland

^e School of Pharmacy, Queen's University Belfast, United Kingdom

Deprescribing

Discontinuing medicines
*little or no benefit and potential
harm*

Stepwise
patient-centred process

Reactive



proactive



RESEARCH

Open Access

Deprescribing decisions in palliative care:
a qualitative meta-synthesis of multi-
stakeholder experiences and influencing
factors



Li Chen¹, Qiaoyan Wu¹, Yu Zhang³, Yunjian Qu^{1,2*}, Gang Lei^{1,2*} and Zha

Theme	Category
Complexity of Decision-making	Risk-benefit trade-offs Goal incongruence
Role variations among multiple stakeholders	Responsibilities and collaboration among HCPs Patients' and relatives' desire for participation and barriers encountered
Communication strategies and trust-building	Linguistic and terminological sensitivity Patient-provider long-term collaborative engagement
Healthcare system and environment barriers	Lack of supportive environments Resource and time constraints

Healthcare professionals' perspectives of deprescribing in older patients at the end of life in hospice care: a qualitative study using the Theoretical Domains Framework

Tahani Alwidyan¹, Noleen K. McCorry² and Carole Parsons^{3,*}

¹Department of Clinical Pharmacy and Pharmacy Practice, Faculty of Pharmaceutical Sciences, The Hashemite University, Zarqa, Jordan

²School of Medicine, Dentistry & Biomedical Sciences, Queen's University Belfast, Belfast, UK

³School of Pharmacy, Queen's University Belfast, Belfast, UK

*Correspondence: Carole Parsons, School of Pharmacy, Queen's University Belfast, 97 Lisburn Road, Belfast, UK, BT9 7BL, Tel: +44 (0) 2890972304. Email: c.parsons@qub.ac.uk

Healthcare professionals’ perspectives of deprescribing in older patients at the end of life in hospice care: a qualitative study using the Theoretical Domains Framework

Tahani Alwidyani¹, Noleen K. McCorry² and Carole Parsons^{3*}

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³School of Pharmacy, Queen's University Belfast, Belfast, UK

*Correspondence: Carole Parsons, School of Pharmacy, Queen's University Belfast, 97 Lisburn Road, Belfast, UK, BT9 7BL. Tel: +44 (0) 2890972304. Email: c.parsons@qub.ac.uk

Barriers

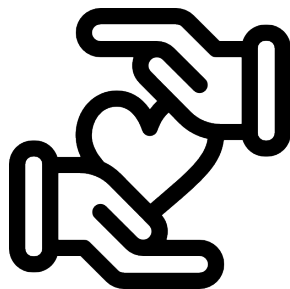
- Lack of formal documentation of deprescribing outcomes (Behavioural regulation),
- Challenges in communication with patients and families (Skills)
- Lack of implementation of deprescribing tools in practice (Environmental context/resources)
- Patient and caregiver perceptions of medication (Social influences)

Enabler

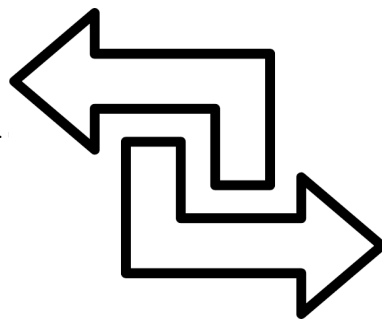
- Access to information (Environmental context/resources).

Perceived risks versus benefits of deprescribing were identified as a key barrier or enabler (Beliefs about consequences).

Goals of care



Preventing
curing the disea



Quality of life



Original Article

Statin deprescribing: a comprehensive review and development of a clinical algorithm for optimal patient management

[Tiziano Lupi](#), [Fabio Esposito](#), [Alessia Romagnoli](#) First published: 09 February 2026 | <https://doi.org/10.1111/imj.70341> | [VIEW METRICS](#)

Original Article

Recommendations for Deprescribing of Medication in the Last Phase of Life: An International Delphi Study

 Check for updates

Eline E.C.M. Elsten, MD¹, Iris E. Pot, MSc¹, Eric C.T. Geijteman, MD, PhD, Christel Hedman, MD, PhD, Agnes van der Heide, MD, PhD, P. Hugo M. van der Kuy, PhD, Carl-Johan Fürst, MD, PhD, Steffen Eyckmüller, MD, PhD, Lia van Zuylen, MD, PhD, and Carin C.D. van der Rijt, MD, PhD
Department of Medical Oncology (E.E.C.M.E., I.E.P., E.C.T.G., C.C.D.V.D.R.), Erasmus Medical Center, Cancer Institute Rotterdam, Netherlands; Department of Public Health (E.E.C.M.E., A.V.D.H.), Erasmus Medical Center, University Medical Center Rotterdam, Netherlands; R & D Department (C.H.), Stockholm's Sjukhem Foundation, Stockholm, Sweden; Department of Molecular Medicine and Surgery (C.H.), Karolinska Institutet, Stockholm, Sweden; Department of Clinical Sciences (C.H.), Lund University, Lund, Sweden; Institute for Palliative Care (C.H., C.J.F.), Lund University and Region Skåne, Lund, Sweden; University Center for Palliative Care (S.E.), University Hospital Inselspital Bern, Bern, Switzerland; Department of Hospital Pharmacy (H.V.D.K.), Erasmus Medical Center, Rotterdam, Netherlands; Department of Medical Oncology (L.V.Z.), Amsterdam University Medical Center, Amsterdam, Netherlands

Empowering the patient

Conversation



Interprofessional Team



What matters now?



Deprescribing is not giving up

It is choosing treatments that still serve the patient



Think of one patient
and one medicine

you will review differently tomorrow

Thank you