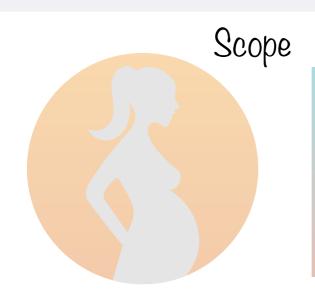
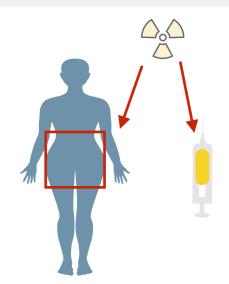
National Pregnancy Policy

A practical implementation for Practitioners



- This policy is employed when referring a patient of childbearing age (12-55years old) for Medical Radiation Exposure between the diaphragm and symphysis pubis and any radionuclide imaging procedures.
- This is a practical guide for practitioners in the implementation of the National Pregnancy Policy as adapted by Beaumont Hospital.



Practitioners are persons who are taking responsibility for an individual medical exposure of a patient





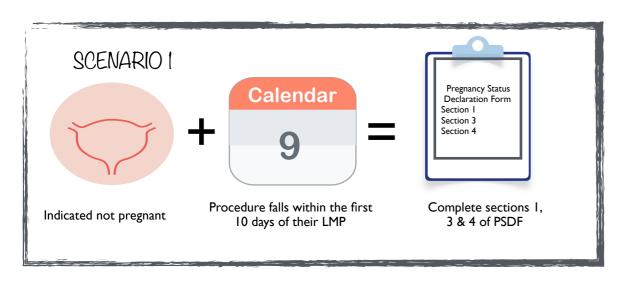


Registered Radiographer

Pre-medical irradiation a practitioner shall:

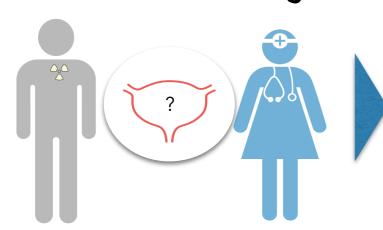
- Ensure correct patient identification and procedure matching
- Patient is queried if pregnant or might be pregnant
- Elucidate to patient the risks of radiation exposure to the foetus
- Observed steps required as shown below

Practical Implementation



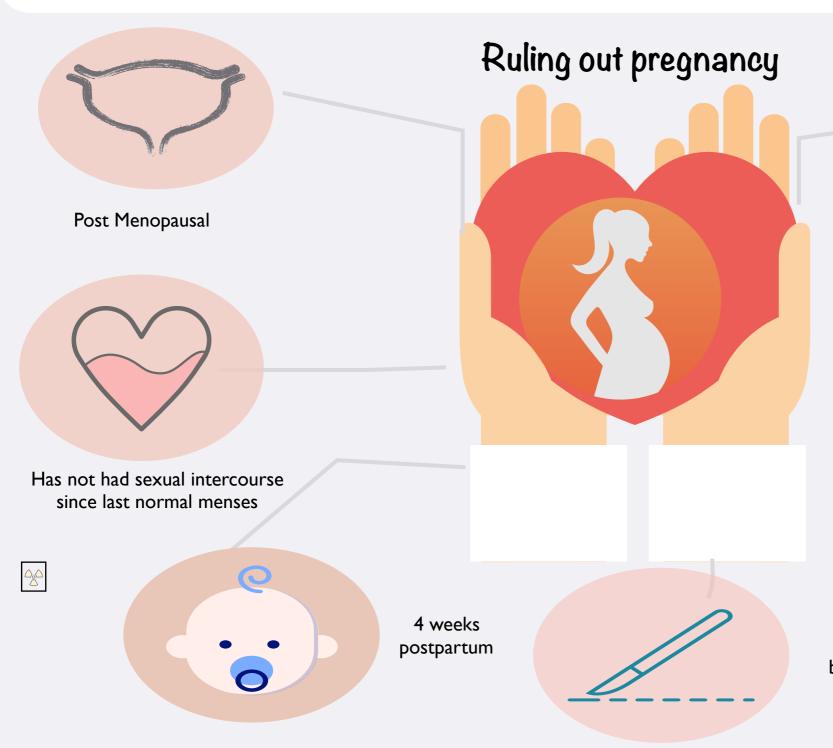


When Patient is Pregnant or cannot exclude the possibility of pregnancy



In conjunction with referrer, review the justification for the procedure. Document the actions involving the justifications in the **REJUSTIFICATON FORM should medical** radiation exposure is deemed justified.





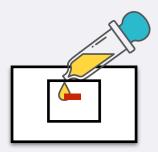


Correctly and consistently using an acceptable method

of contraception:

- Insertion of contraceptive implant within previous 3 years
- Insertion of the levonorgestrel Intrauterine System within the previous 5 years
- Insertion of IUD within the previous 3 years
- Insertion of the Copper Coil IUD within the previous 5-10 years
- Depo-provera injection
- Tubal Ligation
- Consistent and correct use of Combined Oral Contraceptive Pill/ Progesterone Only Pill/Transdermal Contraceptive Patch/ Combined Vaginal Ring within the past 1 month

Had hysterectomy or bilateral oophorectomy



- The policy does not advocate the use of or reliance on urine pregnancy test as it is unreliable in early pregnancy and false negatives are common.
- Studies have established that pregnancy test packs sensitivity varies and dependent on how they can detect HCG and level of HCG.^{2,3}



A copy of the National Pregnancy Policy is available in Q-pulse

- (1) SI 256 of 2018 European Union (Basic Safety Standards for Protection Against Dangers Arising from Medical Exposure to Ionising Radiation) Regulation 2018
- (2) Johnson S, Cushion M, Bond S, Godbert S, Pike J, 2015 Comparison of Analytical sensitivity and women's interpretation of home pregnancy test. Clin Chem Lab Med 2015; 53(3):391-402
- (3) Gnoth C, Johnson S, 2014 Strips of Hope: Accuracy of Home Pregnancy Tests and New Developments. Geburtshife Frauenheilkd. 2014; 74(7):661-669